# **BUILDING A SOCIETY THAT WORKS**

## Re-imagining Public Employment Programmes

The case of South Africa's Presidential Employment Stimulus

Kate Philip Programme Lead: Presidential Employment Stimulus

Assessing Global Progress in Advancing the Jobs Guarantee Virtual Panel: Bard College NY 25 January 2023





PRESIDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT STIMULUS



\* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Mith technical support

THE PRESIDENCY

# Unemployment: A crisis in South Africa

Exacerbated by the pandemic

35%

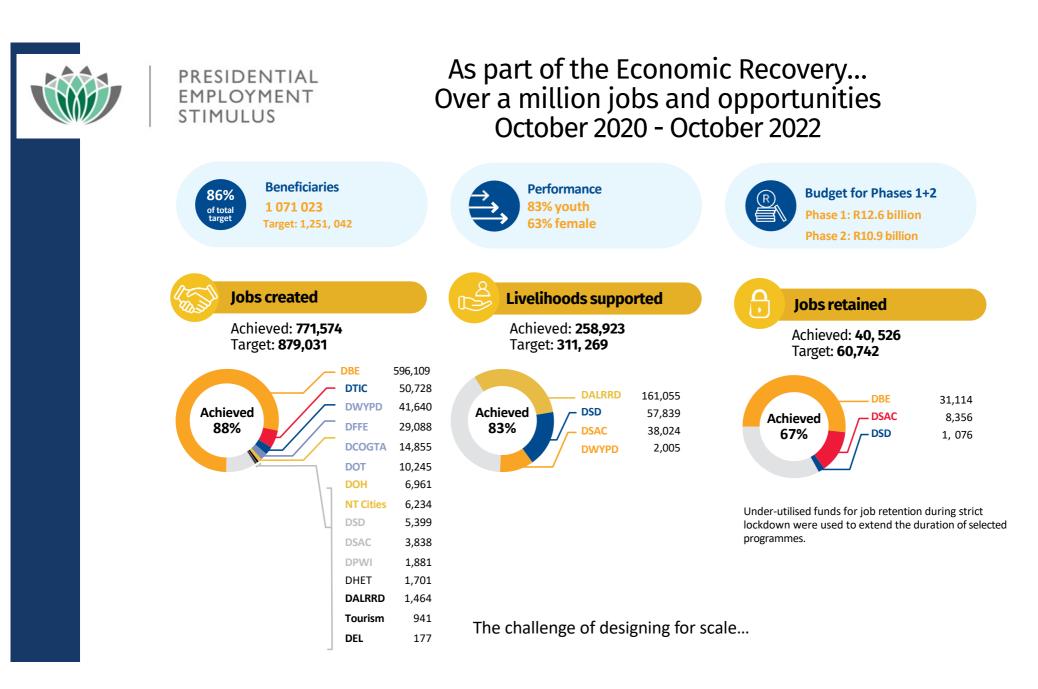
Unemployment

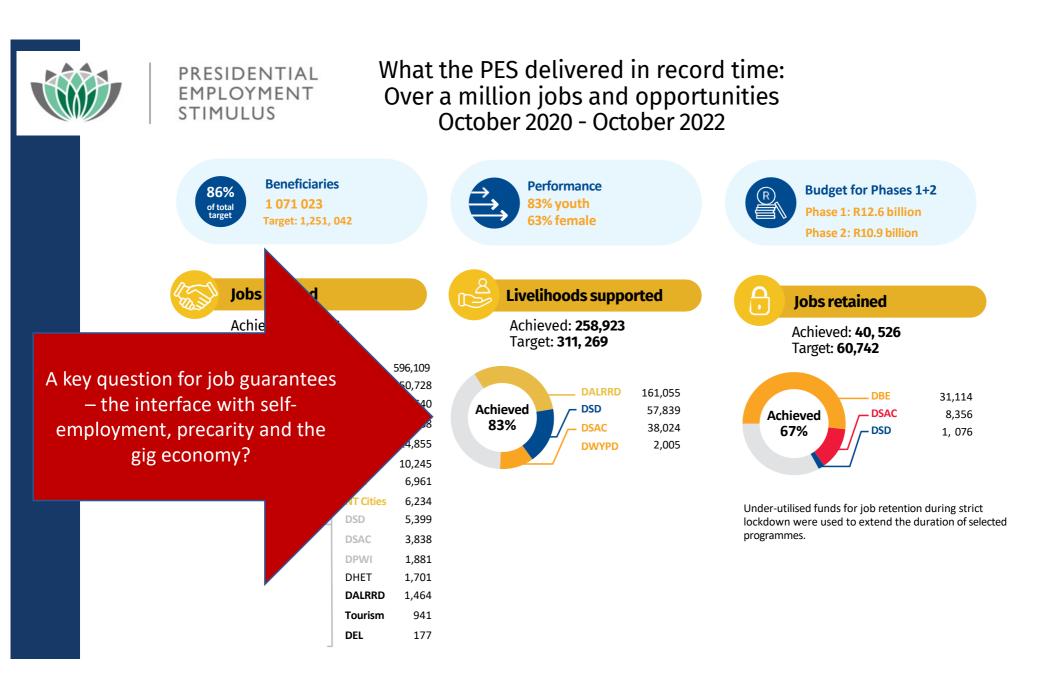
Including discouraged work seekers

45%

55,97% Youth unemployment









600,000 young people have been employed as school assistants at over 22,000 schools - over 2 phases - with 255,000 more phased in from February 2023.



Over 35,000 people in the creative industries were supported to create new work



All 26 universities on board for the graduate support programme; multiple graduate programmes for c 5,000 placements



Over 54,000 practitioners in Early Childhood Development received support



Environmental and waste Recycling initiatives. c 30,000



Over 45,000 people in Youth Service



Over 140,000 subsistence farmers have received production input vouchers – on their phones enhancing livelihoods



Support to PEP innovation in the cities includes support to homeless people, digitisation of city records, urban agriculture and more



Last but not least: Support to a Social Employment Fund supporting work for the common good, for 50,000 people

### Highlights from the 15 programmes in the Presidential Employment Stimulus A portfolio approach.

See https://www.stateofthenation.gov.za/employment-stimulus-dashboard

#### The Basic Education Employment Initiative

- Nearly 600,000 youth placed so far in 2 cohorts 255,000 more starting from 1 Feb 2023.
- High quality work experience: mentorship often 1:1 with a teacher.
- Time management, task management, communication, admin, IT, and much more.
- Largest single youth employment programme in SA's history.













72.3% of participants interviewed said this was their first work experience



94.6% of teachers surveyed want the programme to continue - and believe it strengthened learning outcomes.



of school assistants surveyed said their participation in **BEEI was** a positive experience





## Reaching the 'jobs deserts' for youth .....

**Figure 1:** Youth Employment Density by South African Municipality (2020)

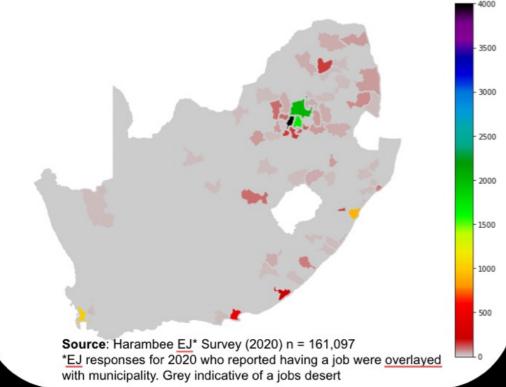


Figure 2: DBE Teacher Assistant School Locations by South African Municipality (2021) 800 600 400 200 Source: Density of school location by municipality for DBE teacher assistant placements. \*DBE data showing the location of schools where teachers assistants were placed per municipality



This can work anywhere in the world.

Enabling spatial targeting

Creating real social value.

And going to scale, quickly.

# Supporting the Creative Sector to create their own jobs

#### Over 32,000 creatives received support.

- Calls for proposals to the sector to propose work to create jobs for themselves and others.
  - Not a classic PEP model. Majority small entitities, self-employed.
  - Recognising and responding to precarity in the gig economy as part of the employment landscape
  - Allowing them to sustain their enterprises rather than leave them to take up a classic employment contract in a PEP.
- Creating outputs of cultural/social value in the sector movies, plays, music, performances and more
- Many of these outputs able to earn additional income eg movie and theatre tickets, sale of rights.
- **Leveraging** the public investment to create further income enhancing incomes for participants supporting GDP of the sector.

 What forms of employment or work opportunities did the PESP funds support?

 Creation of jobs that you/your entity had not supported before
 76,27%

 Re-activation of jobs/work terminated because of the pandemic
 49,15%

 Retention of jobs/work
 40,68%

 Of the jobs created from the PESP grant, have any become permanent, and how many?
 Yes

 Yes
 67,80%

 No
 32,20%

 © Average: 21; © Minimum: 5; © Maximum: 60





Enviro Champs: Young citizen scientists tackle massive water pollution in Pietermaritzburg

By Thobani Ngomane and Matthew Hattingh for Roving Reporters • 27 June 2021





Using PEPs for Market Development

### Supporting Ecological Infrastructure and Biodiversity

- Eg Catchment management involves many stakeholders communities, private landholders, traditional authorities, metros, mines.
- Requires integrated approaches -yet efforts often fragmented.
- Catchment management delivers better water quantity and quality and reduces siltation of dams ie economic (and social) value. Robust science.
- Scope for PEP jobs to act as a catalyst for Payments for Environmental Service – transitioning to sustainable jobs.

- Digitisation of city records
- Innovation in waste recycling
- Community safety
- Improvements to informal trader spaces
- Public art and placemaking



## **Cities challenge**

- **Eg Streetscapes** an NGO in partnership with the Cape Town metro and the private sector.
- Employing homeless people in precinct management.

And urban food gardens on public land.





#### The Social Employment Fund Part of the Social and Solidarity Economy Strategy

#### Supporting work that serves the common good in communities



+ Follow

It's a WIN! TLT has provided 3339 unemployed people with skill-building opportunities! This serves as TLT's role in leveraging the Social Employment Fund ...see more

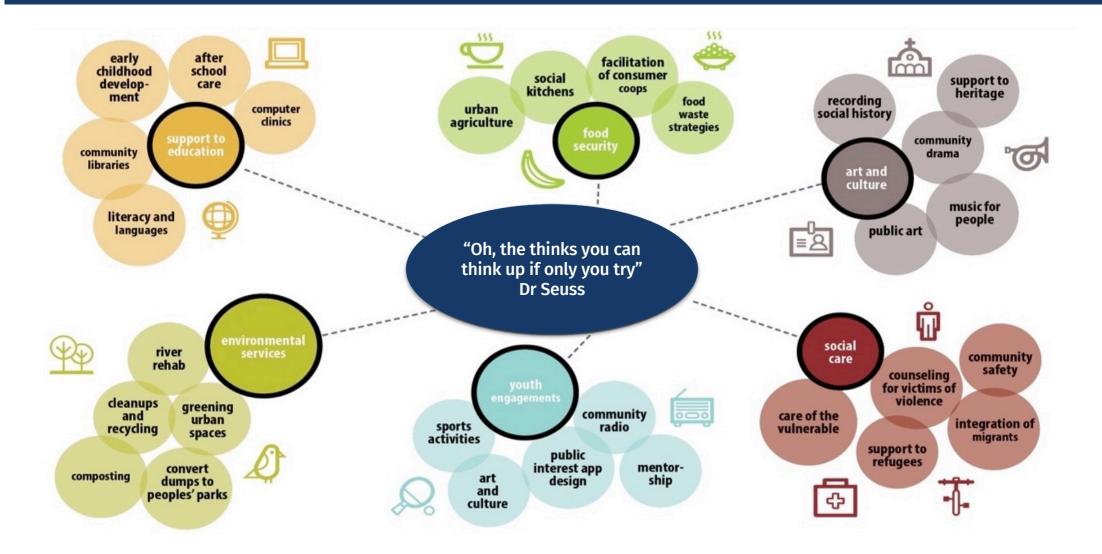


'There's no shortage of work to be done to make South Africa a better place'. *President Cyril Ramaphosa* 



- 26 Strategic Implementing Partners appointed from the non-state sector, contracted to employ 50,000 people;
- Each SIP supports a network of mainly informal local community-based organisations: creating access to support for local initiative.
- Unlocking agency in communities and supporting local development priorities.
- Work includes combating GBV, food security, ECD, community safety, placemaking and much more.
- Central payments system, biometric enrolment, digital outputs reports.
- Part-time work supports interface with self-employment, livelihoods.
- The Learning Forum has met regularly to enable peer learning and capacity building.

#### **Crowd-Sourced Ideas for Social Employment**



One children's book was all it took for Litha Sam-Sam from Vrygrond in Cape Town to start a children's reading and literacy initiative at the height of the Covid-19 pandemic - now supported through the Social **Employment Fund.** 

×





Goedgedacht Trust and Partners: Food 4 Thought, Grey Heron, Karoo Development Trust Work Opportunities

## 2000 to date

"Wanneer jy nie werk nie, want daar is nie werk nie, is jy niks. Ons is moeg van niks wees nie. SEF gaan ons help en dit gaan ons mense help." - SEF applicant, Fraserburg, NC



This ECD Centre in Jolivet forms part of an integrated approach to supporting mothers and their children starting while mothers are still pregnant.



In Ugu and Umdoni in KZN, Siyavuna Development Trust is supporting the transfer of indigenous agricultural knowledge from older farmers to 992 young people creating inter-generational engagement in the process.





×

×

+ Follow

Downtown Music Hub is employing 200 musicians for part-time work for a period of 9 months. This will be part of the Music In Schools Project worth just over R3 million rands, under the Social Employment Fund of the Industrial Development Corporation.



Seriti Institute (NPC) 2,232 followers 3w • 🕥

Seriti's Nutrition Ambassadors attending a nutrition workshop emphasising the importance of everyday healthy eating. #SocialEmploymentFund #SEF #PresidentialEmploymentFund #WLG #NutritionAmbassadors #Seriti



#### For example: Addressing the burden of unpaid care work

- Care: an unresolved gender issue
- Paying for care through PEPs gives it social recognition – and an economic value.
- Institutionalising community-based care, augmenting stretched health systems.
- Translating an individualized burden within the household into a shared – and socialized - form of work.
- Giving both carers and those receiving care – access to wider networks of support.



Connecting people. Putting 'the social' back into social protection....



Institutionalising and enabling communitydriven forms of solidarity.

- The importance evident once more in the pandemic
- Eg community food kitchens run by volunteers, many of whom were unemployed.
- With support from restaurants, farmers, public bodies and many others in society.
- Vital solidarity: but it becomes hard to sustain.
- Social employment as an instrument for sustaining solidarity.

# (Re)Building the commons

- Additional social instruments and institutions are needed to build and optimize the use of common resources, the sense of common ownership in communities
- To build civic capital, strengthen social ties, networks and social co-operation.
- Building problem-solving capabilities in communities.
- This requires organization.
   Sustaining organization requires social/ public investment.
- This is part of 'work for the common good'.





# Unlocking the social value of labour.

### Because even when labour has no *market* value, it has – and can create – social value.

What we need are social instruments to *unlock* that value.

Value that is currently all too often a wasted – and wasting - asset.

Unlocking the social value of labour is a critical part of breaking the bonds of market primacy in labour markets.

A critical part of the social construction of markets

## **PEPs & the Just Transition**

- Even in best case scenarios, moving from dependence on eg coal-mining jobs in mining communities is unlikely to involve a seamless transition to sparkly new jobs for all in a given local economy.
- Green PEP jobs yes
- But any and all decent jobs in the right place at the right time are part of a just transition.
- Need to embed in the discourse.





## Implementation challenges and key lessons

- The portfolio approach enabled experimentation, diversity of forward work, contextual responses.
- Building the institutional architecture for scale
  - Not the same as 'replicating' projects
- Programme management matters. So resource it as if it does.
  - Huge pushback on PM fees
- There is a limit to labour intensity
  - Few programmes need NO tools and materials etc for the work to be performed
- Quality of outcomes requires skills mix on site.
- Antipathy to 'intermediaries' but enables state contracting to reach the grassroots
- Opportunities from digital, transversal G2P payment and reporting systems, digital identity
- Work experience undervalued relative to formal training.
- Fund mechanisms enable innovation and partnership, which are hard to 'procure'



## And some policy and research issues

#### • The interface with cash transfers / BIG

• Poverty multi-dimensional – solutions are too. Not a binary choice.

#### • Unlocking the social value of labour - the 'market-shaping' element

- The labour market implications of institutionalized alternatives to market primacy in labour markets
- Role in setting a labour market floor
- As an instrument to mitigate precarity the role of support 'scaffolding' from eg part-time work
- The potential for 'social employment': publicly-funded, driven by non-state actors. bhjuEmbracing new forms of work and public value creation

## • The impact of participation in work is poorly researched and rarely evaluated

- Mitigating the psycho-social impacts of unemployment
- Inclusion and social cohesion effects; (re)building the commons, institutionalizing support for solidarity
- Social and economic functioning, organisation
- Productivity and economic dynamism
- The link to pathways into employment, entrepreneurship and livelihoods

   but the challenge where unemployment deeply structural.
  - In our context, work experience 'de-risks' youth employment for employers

#### • Stimulus effects in local economies, macro-economic effects at scale.

- Particularly hard to reach and marginalized areas.
- A bottom-up stimulus mechanism.

